Canning Fish in Cans

Have clean and ready:

Pressure cannerRead manufacturer's instructions and 4-have dial gauge pressure canners tested for accuracy each year at your nearest Extension district o ce.

Can sealerRead instructions about assembling and adjusting the sealer. Set the can sealer for the use of the can size chosen. Closely inspect each can seam as it is removed from the can sealer. Adjust can sealer if seam is defective.

Cans and lids: 1 pound (size: 301 x 408) or ½ pound (size: 307 x 200.25), tapered, also called Alaska salmon cans.

Fish: 25 pounds of sh as caught will II 12 1-pound cans or 24 ½-pound cans. Use only fresh sh. DO NOT use sh that is old or poor quality. Frozen sh may be canned, but make sure it is thoroughly thawed either in a refrigerator or under cold running water. Trim away all freezer burn. Proceed as with fresh sh.

Salt: Canning salt is best, but non-iodized salt may be used (salt is optional).

Measuring spoon

Sharp knife

Cutting board or cardboard or newspapers

Stove or any heat source that gives reliable, steady heat. Dry potholders

Towel or paper towels

Meat thermometeror one that can register 170°F

Permanent marker

Clock and/or timer

Clean and wash sh thoroughly.
 Scrape o scales and slime. Cut o head, ns and tail.
 Skin and bones may be le or removed. Take out guts and wash o blood. Rinse sh in a dishpan. Add 2 tablespoons vinegar per quart of water to help remove slime. Use the cleanest water you have.

- 2. Cut the cleaned sh in can-sized lengths. When cutting sh to t cans, allow inch of empty space at top of can. is is called headspace.
- 3. Salt is optional.

 Add about 1 teaspoon of salt for a 1-pound can or ½

teaspoon of salt for a 1/2-pound can.

Fill can, packing solidly.

Leave ¼-inch headspace at the top of the can.

5. Critical point: Exhaust open cans to 170°F.

Cans must be exhausted so a vacuum will form a er the can is sealed and cooked. is is done by heating the sh in open cans to 170°F. Water should come half way up the sides of the bottom row of cans. Turn heat on high and bring water to a boil. Place the open, lled cans in the pressure canner on a rack. DO NOT cover the canner with a lid unless each can is covered with aluminum foil. Adjust heat to keep water boiling. Use a meat thermometer to check the temperature of the sh in the cans. A second layer of cans may be exhausted in the pressure canner or in cake or-roast ing pans set on top of the stove (set open cans in water in the pan).

6. When the temperature of the sh reaches 170°F, seal one at a time.

Use a jar li er or hot pad to handle can. With a clean cloth or paper towels, wipe the edge of each can care fully.

Seal can using adjusted can sealer.

Set the hot, exhausted can on the sealer and place the lid on the can. Seal cans according to the instructions with your sealer. Check each can seam before placing the can in the pressure canner. (If a seam is incorrectly formed, adjust the can sealer immediate ly. e sh must be removed from the can and placed in a new can, heated to 170°F and resealed.) Check can seams o en and adjust sealer as needed.

Fill the canner by placing the sealed cans on the rack in the canner

If you have a second layer, use a second rack or stagger the cans. Add more water to pressure canner if needed (to equal 3 quarts). Put canner lid on. When closed, lid handles must be centered over canner body handles. Turn heat on high. When steady steam starts-com ing out of the vent, let it escape for 10 minutes. is is called exhausting or venting.

according to manufacturer instructions.

Adjust heat to keep pressure steady. Set timer and write down the time when proper pressure is reached. Figure the time the canning will be nished; write that time down too.

11. Hold the pressure steady:

Dial gauge canner, process at 11 pounds pressure at altitudes of 0 to 2,000 feet

Can Size Processing Time
1-pound cans (size: 301x408) 5 minutes
½-pound cans (size: 307x20525) nutes

Instructions for high altitude:

Altitude	Pressure
2,001-4,000 feet	12 pounds
4,001-6,000 feet	13 pounds
6,001-8,000 feet	14 pounds

Weighted gauge canner, process with 10-pound weight at altitudes of 0 to 1,000 feet

Can Size Processing Time
1-pound cans (size: 301x408) 5 minutes
½-pound cans (size: 307x2095.25i)nutes

(At altitudes above 1,000 feet, use 15-pound weight. Watch canner and check the pressure o en. If pressure drops below recommended number of pounds, increase heat to bring pressure back up. When correct pressure is reached, start processing time from the beginning; 115 minutes for 1 pound cans or 95 minutes for ½ pound cans.

- 12. At the end of the processing time, turn o the heat.
- 13. Move canner o the heat, if possible.

Let the canner sit until pressure drops to zero. DO NOT release steam by tipping the weight or running the canner under cold water. It takes 25 to 35 minutes for pressure to drop in a small canner lled with cans and 45 to 60 minutes in a large canner with a full load.

On a dial gauge canner, wait for the overpressure plug to drop, the cover lock to drop and the gauge needle to rest on "0." Tip the pressure regulator — if no steam

escapes, the pressure regulator and lid may be safely removed. On weighted gauge canners (ones with no dial gauge), wait for the overpressure plug to drop and the cover lock to drop. Test to see if pressure is down by gently nudging the weight. No steam should be released and no resistance should be felt. Remove the pressure regulator and the lid.

14. Loosen the lid.